

2022

EDUCATION

(Honours)

Paper Code : VIII - A & B

(New Syllabus)

Full Marks : 50

Time : Two Hours

Paper Code : VIII - A

(Marks : 10)

Choose the correct answer.

Each question carries 2 Marks.

1. Who is the author of the book “The School and the Society”?
 - (A) Maria Montessori
 - (B) John Dewey
 - (C) Rousseau
 - (D) R.N. Tagore
2. “Man making education” was proposed by —
 - (A) Swami Vivekananda
 - (B) R.N Tagore
 - (C) Shri Aurobindo
 - (D) M.K. Gandhi
3. “The first principle of true teaching is that nothing can be taught” — This idea was developed by —
 - (A) R.N. Tagore
 - (B) M.K. Gandhi
 - (C) Shri Aurobindo
 - (D) Rousseau
4. Didactic Apparatus is used in —
 - (A) Kindergarten method
 - (B) Montessori method
 - (C) Project method
 - (D) Problem solving method

5. Who was the first propagator of natural consequence theory of discipline?

- (A) Rousseau
 - (B) John Dewey
 - (C) M.K Gandhi
 - (D) Maria Montessori
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Paper Code : VIII - B

(Marks : 40)

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks.
Candidates are required to give their answers
in their own words as far as practicable.*

Group - A

Answer any *two* questions :

15×2=30

1. Compare and contrast the educational systems propounded by Maria Montessori and Froebel. 15
2. Discuss the views of Sri Aurobindo on : 5+5+5
 - A. Integral view of life.
 - B. Principles of teaching.
 - C. Education of the mind.
3. "Gandhi's philosophy of education is naturalistic in its setting, idealistic in its aims and pragmatic in its methods and programme of work." — Discuss. 15
4. Explain the basic principles of educational philosophy of Swami Vivekananda. 15

Group - B

Answer any *two* questions.

5×2=10

1. Write a note on Shreeniketan.
 2. What should be the aims of education according to Russell?
 3. What are the merits of Project methods?
 4. Discuss the views of Rousseau about women education.
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