UG 5th Semester Examination 2021

ZOOLOGY (Honours) Paper: DSE-1 (A/B)

(Animal Biotechnology / Microbiology)
[CBCS]

Full marks: 25 Time: Two Hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

Candidates are required to give answers (by selecting either DSE-1 A: Animal Biotechnology Or DSE-1 B: Microbiology) with their own words as far as practicable.

Or DSE-1 B: Microbiology) with their own words as far as practicable.					
DSE 1-A: Animal Biotechnology					
. Answer any <i>eight</i> questions: $\frac{1}{2} \times 8 = 4$					
a) In bacteria, where the antibiotic resistance genes are located?					
b) Name the microorganism from where <i>Taq</i> polymerase can be obtained.					
c) Gel electrophoresis is used for separation of DNA fragments according to their molecular size. (True/False)					
d) Covaxin is an example ofvaccine.					
e) are the autonomously replicating extrachromosomal DNA found in					
bacteria (Fill in the blank).					
f) In hybridoma technology aminopterin blocksDNA synthesis (Fill in the blank).					
g) Klenow fragment is derived from (Fill in the blank).					
The human genome project was launched in the year (Fill in the blank).					
 i) Ct value in real time PCR stand for (Fill in the blank). j) The DNA fragments have sticky ends due to (Fill in the blank). 					
k) The expression of a transgene in the target tissue is identified by a (Fill in the blank).					
 The most effective type of restriction enzyme used in biotechnology is(Fill in the blank). 					
. Answer any two questions: $2 \frac{1}{2} \times 2 = 5$					
a) Describe briefly on restriction endonucleases.					
b) How attenuated vaccine is prepared?					
c) Write a brief note on HAT selection.					
d) Mention the application of DNA fingerprinting.					

2	A		C	4.
.j.	Answer	anv	tour	questions:

 $4 \times 4 = 16$

- a) Write about the procedure of PCR.
- b) Draw a flow diagram for construction of cDNA library.
- c) Define cloning vector. What are the criteria of a cloning vector? 2+2=4
- d) Explain the "chain termination method" of DNA sequencing.
- e) Briefly describe the diagnosis process of sickle cell anemia.
- f) Write a short note on primary cell culture.
- g) Describe the application of transgenic animal in pharmaceutical industry.

Or

	DSE 1-B: Microbiology			
1. Ans	wer any <i>eight</i> questions: $\frac{1}{2} \times 8 = 4$			
a)	Write the full form AIDS.			
b)	Who was involved in determining rRNA sequences and proposed breaking prokaryotes			
	into two groups?			
c)	Give an example of enveloped positive-sense (+) RNA virus.			
d)	Prokaryotic cells that are rod-shaped are called (Fill in the blank)			
e)	Give an example of bacterial normal flora of skin.			
f)	In which part of the cell you can find mesosomes?			
g)	Which part of the bacteria is responsible for multiple antibiotic resistance?			
h)	Name a bacterium lacking cell wall.			
i)	Name the dengue vector?			
j)	Reduction of virulence is known as (Fill in the blank)			
k)	A population of cells derived from a single cell are called (Fill in the			
	blank).			
1)	can be viewed as genetic information, either DNA or RNA, contained within a			
	protective protein coat. (Fill in the blank)			

2. Answer any two questions:

 $2 \frac{1}{2} \times 2 = 5$

- a) Write a short note on prion.
- b) Give a brief idea of retrovirus.
- c) Distinguish between Gram-positive and Gram-negative bacteria.
- d) Briefly describe the acid-fast staining procedure.
- 3. Answer any *four* questions:

 $4 \times 4 = 16$

- a) Write briefly on Koch's postulate.
- b) Explain different growth phases of bacteria with suitable diagram.
- c) Give a brief idea on *Hfr* conjugation.
- d) What is pandemic? How is it different from epidemic?

2+2=4

- e) Write a short note on enriched media.
- f) Briefly describe how HIV infects T_H cells.
- g) Write a note on staphylococcal food poisoning.