

**GEOGRAPHY (Honours)**

**Paper V-A**

**(Theory)**

**[Revised New Syllabus]**

**Full Marks: 50**

**Time: Two hours**

*Choose the correct answer from the given alternatives*

1 x 50=50

1. Which of the following is the period of stagnant population in India?
  - A) 1981-2001
  - B) 1981-2011
  - C) 1901- 1921
  - D) 1951-1981
2. The lowest density in India is recorded in north-eastern state of –
  - A) Mizoram
  - B) Arunachal Pradesh
  - C) Manipur
  - D) Assam
3. Whose pioneer statement on the scope and Method of modern geography, according to Hartshorne, set the direction of geographic thought for the future?
  - A) Blache
  - B) Schluter
  - C) Ratzel
  - D) Richthofen
4. Who among the following geographers emphasized the predominant role of climate in human life?
  - A) Geddes
  - B) Jefferson
  - C) Huntington
  - D) Brunhes
5. Who of the following can be considered as an opponent of quantitative revolution?
  - A) Stamp
  - B) Chorley
  - C) Haggelt
  - D) Hagerstrand
6. Who among the following is known as the Father of Human Geography?
  - A) Hartshorne
  - B) Mark Jafferson
  - C) Vidal -de Lablache
  - D) Ratzel

7. Which of the following Union -Territory has the highest sex ratio?  
A) Dadra and Nagar Haveli  
B) Delhi  
C) Pondicherry  
D) Chandigarh
8. Which of the following coral reefs are identified for conservation and management?  
A) Gulf of Mannar  
B) Andaman and Nicobar Islands  
C) Lakshadweep Islands & Gulf of Katchha  
D) All of above
9. Which of the following river is NOT originated from the western slopes of the Aravallirange  
A) Luni  
B) Sakhi  
C) Sabarmati  
D) Tapi
10. The tribal population in Andaman and Nicobar Islands belong to the  
A) Australoid race  
B) Mongoloid race  
C) Caucasoid race  
D) Negroid race
11. Migration which flows from prosperous to less prosperous region is called  
A) Return migration  
B) Reverse migration  
C) Perverse migration  
D) None of these
12. Which one of the following is not correct about the liberal liberalisation policy of India  
A) Increase in direct foreign investment  
B) Increase in industrial recession  
C) Development of infrastructure  
D) Rise in export
13. "Morphology of Landscape" is the book written by whom?  
A) Karl Marks  
B) Carl O Sauer  
C) Jean Bruhes  
D) None of these
14. Which of the Following is not the classification of frontiers  
A) Natural  
B) Geographical  
C) Artificial  
D) Cultural
15. In which year Mackinder wrote his essay on "Geographical Pivotal" of history  
A) 1900  
B) 1925  
C) 1919  
D) 1904
16. "The different forms of an interaction is called social process" who established it  
A) Maciver and Page  
B) Dr S C Dube

- C) Besanj and Besanj
- D) Taylor

17. Who introduced models in geography?

- A) Harvey
- B) R.Chorley
- C) Weaven
- D) Haggett

18. The origin of the radical geography movement can be traced to the late 1960s, especially in the

- A) U.S.S.R
- B) U.S.A.
- C) Germany
- D) France

19. In India mega cities, which of the following urban agglomeration is the largest ?

- A) Delhi
- B) Kolkatta
- C) Greater Bombay
- D) Chennai

20. According to whom "Morphology is the science of form and structure and development which influence the form?"

- A) L.D.Stamp
- B) G.T. Trewartha
- C) R.E. Murphy
- D) R. Dickinson

21. In which of the following countries, large proportion of young people is dependent on relatively small work force of the population

- A) Developing
- B) Under Developing
- C) Developed
- D) None of them

22. Compact Settlement are mostly found in the

- A) Areas rich in minerals
- B) Areas are rich in many aquatic resources
- C) Highly productive alluvial plains
- D) Both B& C

23. Puskar valley is located in-

- A) Aravalli Range
- B) Satpura Range
- C) Western Ghat
- D) Vindhyan range

24.The town of Rishra(West Bengal) is known industry of

- A) Cotton textile
- B)Jute textile
- C) Silk textile
- D) Woolen textile

25.Narora nuclear power station is located in the state of

- A) Maharashtra

- B) Tamil Nadu
- C) Uttar Pradesh
- D) Rajasthan

26. The minimum forest cover necessary to maintain the ecological balance is
- A) 50% of the total land area
  - B) 25% of the total land area
  - C) 40% of the total land area
  - D) 33 % of the total land area
27. In which year the Concept of Ecology was established by Ernst Haeckel
- A) 1856
  - B) 1866
  - C) 1876
  - D) 1869
28. The Radcliffe Line is the international border between
- A) India and Pakistan
  - B) India and China
  - C) India and Bangladesh
  - D) India and Nepal
29. The Durand Line is the international border between
- A) Boundary line between Afghanistan and Pakistan
  - B) Boundary line between India and Pakistan
  - C) Boundary line between India and China
  - D) Boundary line between India and Burma
30. Which State of India touches the boundaries of the largest number of other States?
- A) Andhra Pradesh
  - B) Bihar
  - C) Madhya Pradesh
  - D) Uttar Pradesh
31. Special cultural pattern of a geographical area is called
- A) Cultural realms
  - B) Cultural areas
  - C) Cultural factors
  - D) None of these
32. Acculturation is the process of
- A) Orientation in the negative culture
  - B) Acquisition of the culture of different society
  - C) A culture merging with another culture
  - D) Transmission of culture
33. Who wrote the famous book "Social Change In India"?
- A) C. Marx
  - B) R. venedict
  - C) C. Weber
  - D) None of them
34. Which of the following is a Scandinavian language?
- A) Swedish
  - B) Danish

- C) Norwegian and Icelandic
- D) All of the above

35. Which of the following soils is particularly deficient in phosphate but is inherently rich in Nitrogen & organic matter?

- A) Peaty soil
- B) Tarai soil
- C) Alluvial soil
- D) Red soil

36. The tribes most commonly found in Madhya Pradesh are

- A) Oraon and Munda
- B) Santhal and Oraon
- C) Gonds and Bhils
- D) Bhils and Santhals

37. The book "Fundamentals of Sociology" was written

- A) Gisbert
- B) Ross
- C) Park & Burges
- D) None of them

38. The statement "Culture as a Social Structure" was explained by

- A) A Radcliffe Brown
- B) E W Zimmermann
- C) Gillin & Gillin
- D) None of them

39. National Program for Conservation and Management of Wetlands is adopted in which year

- A) 2005
- B) 2006
- C) 2009
- D) 2007

40. Who proposed the concept of geo-politics based on ocean power?

- A) Mackinder
- B) A T Mohan
- C) Frank Thone
- D) Spykeman

41. Which state of India has the first rank in production of rubber

- A) Tamil Nadu
- B) Karnataka
- C) Kerala
- D) Andhra Pradesh

42. Which of the following is not the feature of the India's West Coastal Plain?

- A) Located between the Western Ghats and the Arabian Sea coast
- B) Narrow plain (average width 64 km)
- C) Drained by several short and swift streams which are unable to form deltas
- D) Mostly of emergent type, characterized by offshore bars, fine sea beaches, sand ridges and lagoons

43. In which year India National Sample Survey Organization (NSSO) was established ?
- A) 1998
  - B) 1950
  - C) 1991
  - D) 1987
44. The current average annual growth (2019) of world population is
- A) 3.10%
  - B) 4.10%
  - C) 1.08%
  - D) 8.10%
45. In which year T.R. Malthus published his book "An Essay on Principles of Population?"
- A) 1798
  - B) 1889
  - C) 1791
  - D) 1787
46. Among which is not the preventive check of birth control after Robert Thomas
- A) Late Marriage
  - B) Chastity
  - C) Moral restraint
  - D) Famine
47. Which is the best example of Antecedent Boundaries?
- A) Argentina & Chile
  - B) France & Germany
  - C) India & Pakistan
  - D) USA & Canada
48. In India anticyclones are set up during
- A) Winter season
  - B) Summers
  - C) Spring
  - D) Autumn
49. The value of total output of goods and services produced in the country in given time period is termed as
- A) Per Capita Income
  - B) GNP
  - C) GDP
  - D) None of them
50. The Great Boundary Fault lies in the state of:
- A) Gujarat and Rajasthan
  - B) Himachal Pradesh and Uttarakhand
  - C) Jammu & Kashmir and Himachal Pradesh
  - D) Jammu & Kashmir, Himachal Pradesh and Uttarakhand